

Civil Air Patrol

1984 Cessna-182R – N8323E

Preflight Right Wing trailing edge

1. Right Flap Check
2. Right Aileron Check
3. Right Wingtip & Lights Check
4. Fire Extinguisher Charged
5. Squawk Sheet Check
6. Documents AROW in airplane
7. Control/Avionics Lock Remove
8. Avionics Power Switch Off
9. Ignition Switch Off
10. Master Switch On

Nose

1. Static Sources ... Check (Both sides)
2. Prop/Spinner/Engine Inlet Check
3. Landing and Taxi Lights Check
4. Carburetor Air Filter Check
5. Nose Wheel, Strut & Tire Check
6. Nose Tie-Down Disconnect
7. Engine Oil Filler Cap. Check Secure
8. Engine Oil Dipstick 9-12 Quarts
9. Fuel Strainer Drain Knob .. Pullout to Drain
10. Windscreen..... Check/Clean

Warning

When turning on the master switch, using an external power source, or pulling the propeller through by hand, treat the propeller as if the ignition switch were on. Do not stand, nor allow anyone else to stand, within the arc of the propeller, since a loose or broken wire, or a component malfunction, could cause the propeller to rotate.

MISSION BRIEF

1. Mission Objective
2. Destination, WX, Route, Alt, ETE
3. NOTAMS
4. Crew Coordination & CRM
5. Sterile Cockpit Procedures
6. Cockpit Layout
7. Intercom & Radio Usage
8. Seats, Seatbelts, Doors
9. Emergency Action & Equipment

Taxi

1. Brakes..... Test
2. Heat / Vents / Defrost... As Required
3. Attitude Indicator Verify Proper Operation
4. Turn Coordinator Verify Proper Operation
5. H.I. & Compass Verify Proper Operation
6. Fuel Selector Valve..Check & Set to Both

Caution

The avionics power switch must be OFF during engine start to prevent possible damage to avionics.

1. Preflight Inspection Complete
2. Passenger Brief Complete
3. Seats / Belts / Shoulder Harness Adjust and Lock
4. Brakes Test & Set Off
5. Avionics Power Switch Off

Starting Engine

1. Prime As Required
2. Carburetor Heat Cold
3. Throttle..... Open ½ Inch
4. Autopilot (If installed) Off
5. Propeller High RPM
6. Electrical Equipment Off
7. Circuit Breakers Check In
8. Fuel Selector Valve Both
9. Cow Flaps Open
10. Fuel Selector Valve Both

Preflight Left Wing

1. Left Main Wheel Tire & Brake.Check
2. Left Fuel Sump(s) Drain
3. Left Fuel Quantity Visually Check
4. Fuel Filler Cap Secure
5. Mixture Rich
6. Propeller Area Clear
7. Master Switch On
8. Ignition Switch Start

Note

If engine has been over primed, start with throttle ¼ to ½ open. Reduce throttle to idle when engine fires.

Preflight Left Wing Leading Edge

1. Pitot Tube Cover..... Remove
2. Left Fuel Vent Check Clear
3. Stall Warning Check
4. Wing Tie-Down Disconnect
5. Left Wingtip & Lights Check
6. Left Aileron Check
7. Left Flap Check

Preflight Empennage

1. Baggage Door ... Check for security and lock
2. Rudder Gust Lock Remove
3. Tail Tie-Down Disconnect
4. Control Surfaces Check

PASSENGER BRIEF

1. Seat Belts / Shoulder Harness
2. Personal Electronic Devices off
3. Air Vents / Comfort
4. Fire Extinguisher Location / Operation
5. Emergency Procedures & Exits

16. Transponder TEST/STBY
17. Radios On
18. ATIS / AWOS Copy
19. Altimeter .. Set (Verify Within 75' of Flt Elev.)
20. Clearance Delivery/Ground Control Contact

1. Brakes..... Test
2. Heat / Vents / Defrost... As Required
3. Attitude Indicator Verify Proper Operation
4. Turn Coordinator Verify Proper Operation
5. H.I. & Compass Verify Proper Operation
6. Fuel Selector Valve..Check & Set to Both

1. Preflight Inspection Complete
2. Passenger Brief Complete
3. Seats / Belts / Shoulder Harness Adjust and Lock
4. Brakes Test & Set Off
5. Avionics Power Switch Off

Before Takeoff - Run-Up

1. Parking Brake Set
2. Seats / Belts / Shoulder Harness Check Secure
3. Cabin Doors Closed and Locked
4. Flight Controls Free & Correct
5. Flight Instruments & H.I.Check & Set
6. Fuel Quantity Check
7. Mixtures Rich
8. Fuel Selector Valve... Recheck Both Magneto's..... Max Drop 150 RPM Max Differential 50 RPM
9. Elevator & Rudder Trim Set for Takeoff
10. Cow Flaps Recheck Open
11. Throttle 1700 RPM
12. Magneto's..... Max Drop 150 RPM
13. Carb Heat Check for RPM Drop
14. Propeller Cycle
15. Suction Gauge Check
16. Engine Inst & Ammeter Check
17. Throttle Idle Check, then 800 to 1000 RPM
18. Throttle Friction Lock Adjust Up

19. Electric Trim (if installed) Check

20. Strobe Lights/Pulse Lights
(If installed)..... As Desired

21. Radios / Transponder Set

22. Autopilot (If Installed) Off

23. Flaps set for Takeoff.... 0°-20°

24. Primer..... In & Locked

Carb Heat Cold

25. Electric Trim (If Installed) Test

26. Takeoff Briefing Complete

27. Takeoff Briefing As Desired

28. Doors & Windows Latched

29. Lights Set

30. Transponder Set to ALT

31. Time..... Record

32. Parking Brake Release

Descent:

1. Heading Indicator. To Compass

2. Altimeter Set

3. Fuel Selector Both

4. Lights As Required

5. Engine Instruments Check

6. Mixture Enrich

7. Power / Carb Heat As Required

8. Cowl Flaps Closed

9. Wing Flaps As Desired

10. Lights Set

11. Transponder Record

12. Autopilot (If installed) Release

After Landing (Clear of Runway)

1. Flaps Up

2. Carb Heat Cold

3. Cowl Flaps Open

4. Lights As Required

5. Transponder STBY & 1200

6. Mixture Lean

7. Pilot Heat Off

Securing Aircraft

1. Parking Brake Set

2. Throttle. Idle

3. Avionics Power & Switches Off

4. Magnets Check for Ground

5. Mixture Idle Cut Off

6. Ignition & Master Switch Off

7. Control/Avionics Lock Install

8. Parking Brake Off

9. Cowl Flaps Closed

10. Fuel Selector Left or Right

11. Hobbs & Tach Record

12. Aircraft Secured & Locked

13. Flight Plan Closed

Normal Landing

1. Airspeed ...70-80 KIAS (Flaps Up)

2. Airspeed60-70 KIAS (Flaps Down)

3. Trim Adjust

4. Touchdown Main Wheel First

5. Landing Roll .. Lower Nose Wheel

Gently

6. Braking Minimum required

Short Field Landing

1. Airspeed ...70-80 KIAS (Flaps Up)

2. Flaps..... Full (below 95 KIAS)

3. Airspeed Maintain 61 KIAS

4. Trim Adjust

5. Power .Reduce to idle as obstacle

is cleared

6. Touchdown Main Wheels First

7. Brakes Apply Heavily

8. Flaps..... Retract for Max brake

effectiveness.

Enroute Climb:

1. Airspeed 85-95 KIAS Normal

2. Throttle23 Inches or Full (whichever is less)

3. Propeller 2400 RPM

4. Fuel Selector Both

5. Mixture..... Full Rich or Max Power

6. Cowl Flaps Recheck Open

7. Engine Instruments Check

8. Flaps..... Retract (above 70 KIAS)

Cruise:

1. Power15-23 Inches & 2100-2400 RPM (no more than 75% power)

2. Elevator & Rudder Trim..... Adjust

3. Mixture..... Lean

4. Cowl Flaps As required

5. Engine Instruments / Fuel Check

6. Heading Indicator (H.I.) To Compass

7. Lights..... As Required

8. Flight Plan Activate as Required

Balked Landing

1. Power .. Full Throttle & 2400 RPM

2. Carb Heat Cold

3. Flaps..... Retract to 20°

4. Climb Speed 55 KIAS

5. Flaps..... Retract Slowly (above 70 KIAS)

6. Cowl Flaps Open

Multicom..... 122.90 (CTAF)

Flight Service 122.20 (Most Common) 122.10-122.60-123.60

Flight Watch 122.00

Air to Air 122.75-122.85-123.45

Transponder Codes/Light Signals...

VFR HIJACK

EMERGENCY LOST COMMS

EMERGENCY EMERGENCY

Gross Weight Capacity.....

3100 (Takeoff) 2950 (Landing)

Engine Continental O-470-U

Max Power 230 BHP

Fuel Type 100LL (Blue)

Fuel Capacity (Standard) 88 Gal

Usable

Oil Type..... SAE 15W-50

Oil Capacity 12 Qts (Minimum 9)

Electrical 24-28 Volt / 60 Amp

Tire PressureNose-49 PSI / Main-42 PSI

This checklist is a guide to coordinate Pilot Operating Handbook and STC data applicable to this particular aircraft only. The applicable Pilot Operating Handbook and STC installations remain the official documentation for this aircraft.

The pilot in command is responsible for complying with all items in the Pilot Operating Handbook and applicable STCs.

I certify this checklist has been reviewed for accuracy.

L. A. J. 03/11/06
Wing Director of Maintenance
060311
N8323E

General...

EMERGENCY..... 121.50

Unicom..... 122.70-122.80-122.95

123.00-123.05